

Show all your work - use backs of pages if needed.

[76] 1. Let  $V$  be a vector space with  $S \subseteq V$ . Define the following:

- (i)  $S$  is a spanning set for  $V$ .
- (ii)  $S$  is a linearly independent subset of  $V$ .
- (iii)  $S$  is a basis for  $V$ .
- (iv) If  $V$  has a finite spanning set, dimension of  $V$ .

[18] 2. Let  $V$  be a vector space.

(i) State the principle of Independence Extension (hypothesis + conclusion).

(ii) State the principle of Span Preservation (hypothesis + conclusion).

(iii) Let  $V = \mathbb{R}^3$ ,  $I = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 17 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$  and  $u = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ .

(a) Is  $u \in \text{Span}(I)$  ? \_\_\_\_\_ (show your work)

(b) Which conclusion is valid:  $\times \text{Span} \{ I \cup \{u\} \} = \text{Span}(I)$  or  $\text{I} \cup \{u\}$  is linearly independent? \_\_\_\_\_

[10] 3. Let  $V$  be a vector space with a finite spanning set. Give your opinion about the following statements with True or False.

- \_\_\_\_\_ (i) All finite spanning sets of  $V$  have the same number of elements.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) All linearly independent subsets of  $V$  have finitely many elements.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (iii)  $V$  has a finite basis.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (iv) All bases for  $V$  have the same number of elements.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (v) A spanning set for  $V$  with  $\dim V$  number of elements is linearly dependent.
- \_\_\_\_\_ (vi) If  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$  with  $\dim W = \dim V$ , then  $V = W$ .

[40] 4. Let  $V = P_2$ , the vector space of polynomials of degree  $\leq 2$ .  
 As you may assume,  $X = \{x^2, x^2+x, x^2+x+1\}$  and  
 $Y = \{x^2+1, x+1, x^2-2x-2\}$  are bases for  $V$ . Consider  
 them ordered bases ~~for~~ on this page.

(i) Calculate  ${}_X(I)_Y$  (here  $I$  is the identity transformation.  $Iv = v$ )

(ii) Calculate  ${}_Y(I)_X$

(iii) Let  $F: V \rightarrow V$  be a linear transformation for which it is known  ${}_Y[F]_X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(a) If  $v \in V$  such that the coordinates of  $v$  w.r.t.  $X$  are  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = [v]_X$ , calculate  $F(v)$ .

(b) Calculate  ${}_X[F]_Y$

[38] 5. Let  $V$  be the subspace of space differentiable functions from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$  spanned by  $B = \{x \cos x, x \sin x, \cos x, \sin x\}$ . Assume, as is true,  $B$  is a linearly independent set.

(i)  $\dim V = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

Let  $W = \{f \in V \mid f(0) = 0\}$ .

(ii) Show  $W$  is a subspace of  $V$ .

(iii) Find a set of 3 linearly independent vectors in  $W$ .

(iv)  $\dim W = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

Consider  $D: V \rightarrow V$  by  $D(f) = f'$  (the derivative)

(v) Calculate  ${}_B(D)_B$

Let  $D^2 = D \circ D$ , the composition of functions.

(vi) Calculate  ${}_B(D^2)_B$

(vii) Calculate  ${}_B[D^2]_B [x \cos x]_B$

[41] 6. Let  $V = P_2$ ,  $W = \mathbb{R}^3$  and the linear transformation  
 $F: V \rightarrow W$  by  $F(a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2) = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 + a_1 + a_2 \\ 2a_0 - a_1 + 2a_2 \\ a_0 + a_2 \end{pmatrix}$

Assume, as it is true,  $X = \{x+1, x^2+1, x^2+x+1\}$  and  $Y = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$   
 are ordered bases for  $V$  and  $W$  respectively.

(i) Calculate  ${}_Y(F)_X$

(ii) Find a basis for  $F(V)$ , the image of  $V$  under  $F$ .

(iii) Find a basis for  $\ker F$ .

(iv) Is  $F$  onto? \_\_\_\_\_

(v) Is  $F$  one-to-one? \_\_\_\_\_